

School of Pharmacy and Pharmacology

College of Health and Medicine

CSA357 Pharmacy Skills in Practice

> CSA430 Pharmacy Practice

Experiential Learning Program

HOSPITAL PHARMACY PRECEPTOR GUIDE

2021

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Concerns and Feedback

The School of Pharmacy and Pharmacology appreciates your continued support of the hospital pharmacy placements. If you have any concerns you would like to express, or feedback about the students and/or the material presented in this document and other associated documents, please contact Dr Felicity Veal (3rd years) or Mr Justin Cousins (4th years), Josie Hughes or Anne Todd (3rd and 4th years).

Potential conflicts of interest

The School of Pharmacy and Pharmacology recognises that a conflict of interest may arise from several situations, including family connections/relationships or paid employment within health-care settings where a student could be allocated to PEP. In order to ensure a quality placement experience and a valid final assessment in PEP, students must identify, manage, and where possible, avoid undertaking PEP in settings where such a 'conflict of interest' may arise.

If Preceptors are in any doubt regarding the suitability of a placements in relation to any real or potential conflict of interest with a particular student you are encouraged to seek advice from the appropriate unit Coordinator, Justin.Cousins@utas.edu.au or Felicity.Veal@utas.edu.au.

Important: If you have a student on placement who is performing very poorly, significantly below your expectations, or you are concerned about in any way, contact the placement team as early as possible.

2017 V01	Reviewed, updated, Layout changes	April 17
2018 V02	Updated supervision requirements	May 2018
	Updated website links	
	Included 2018 assessment form	
2019 V03	Minor revision including update to mobile device use	April 2019
	Included 2019 assessment forms	
2020 V04	• Minor updates including updating general workplace safety and support	January 2020
	Addition of Applied Honours information (4 th Year)	
2021 V05	Updated Covid-19 requirements	April 2021
	Updated PEP information for placement component Yr3 & Yr4	
	• Updated Assessment requirements & forms- Yr3 & Yr4	
	Included 2021 Applied Honours Information	

Version Control

Objectives

The objective of the placement is to provide students with an extended experience of hospital pharmacy.

Third year student exposure to the hospital environment prior to their placement is minimal. Consequently, their placement aim is predominantly to learn from observing hospital pharmacists in action.

Fourth year students have attended two semesters of hospital rounds and their placement is a chance for them to apply their therapeutic knowledge and skills, practice effective communication, and participate in a variety of roles within a hospital environment.

While we would like students to focus the majority of their time on clinical activities, visits to other departments/areas of the hospital or spending time with another member of the healthcare team is also encouraged as part of the overall learning from the placement. Providing the student with a timetable of varied activities and assigning them to different members of your team for their placement can help achieve this.

Student Supervision

Students require direct supervision from a registered pharmacist on placement. *If students are participating within the setting with other health professionals acting as clinical educators, students are advised to remain within scope and not to undertake tasks or interactions with patients that are not appropriate to the competencies and standards of practice for pharmacists. As a guiding principle, students are not permitted to participate (as opposed to observe) in the care of a patient unless under the direct supervision of a registered health professional.*

In line with AHPRA's registration standard (supervised practice arrangements), only pharmacists holding general registration should supervise students. In particular, Interns should not be asked to supervise undergraduate students interacting with patients, as they are not registered pharmacists. Students may shadow and learn from other team members including interns or technicians where appropriate, but they do not hold responsibility for student supervision.

Undergraduate students should not be given tasks involving direct patient care (e.g., patient counselling, patient interview for history taking) if a suitable staff member is not available to supervise.

While it is ideal that students are at a pharmacist's side for their entire placement, the university understands that due to staffing and workload pressures, there may be times when it is necessary for students to work somewhat independently. Self-directed learning activities have been created for this purpose. The ready reference at the end of this guide provides examples of activities where supervision by a pharmacist would be required.

Thank you

We appreciate the time and effort that you and your staff put into placements for our students, and we are here to support you in any way we can.

Orientation

All students, especially those who are visiting your site for the first time, will possibly be feeling nervous and anxious. They will benefit greatly from a thorough induction to your pharmacy and team at the start of the placement. Some points you might like to cover include:

- Expectations on appearance and the use of a uniform, if applicable.
- Confidentiality issues and your privacy policy.
- Workplace Health and Safety policies, and relevant safety issues, including common workplace hazards; and
- Any other issues or policies the student should be aware of for the duration of the placement.

Personal device (mobile phones etc) uses on placement:

- Students are informed that every individual workplace will have particular guidelines on the use of personal devices (mobile phones, tablets) during work hours for clinical or personal use. Students must familiarise themselves with, and adhere to, the personal device use guidelines within each workplace.
- Generally, students are advised mobile phone use should be:
 - Limited to study and clinical needs only;
 - Should **never** be used to take copies or photographs of drug charts, scripts, files or other patient identifying information. Students must not record or film patient encounters.
 - May need to be kept in a locker / out of use until meal or other breaks;
 - If kept with the student (when allowed) must be left on silent, and use must comply with venue policy.

All students should have attended a pre-placement talk to give them an overview of what we expect of them during placements. Furthermore, each student is provided with a workbook detailing the need to: maintain confidentiality during their placement; to exhibit professional behaviour in their manner, timekeeping and appearance; as well as information on how to access support should they need it on their placement.

Attendance and Punctuality

Third year placements are one week in duration (Monday to Friday). Attendance for 38 hours is a mandatory component of the unit. If your hospital is situation farther than 1 hour's drive from Hobart, we request that students be given the option to leave early on Friday afternoon, in order to drive back to Hobart safely.

Fourth year placements in 2021 will be of four weeks in duration (a *minimum* of 32 hours/week and usually Monday to Thursday) each week.

Four weeks in 2021 is to compensate for Hospital based PEP lost in 2020 due to Covid-19.

Students have been advised that they must report nonattendance due to illness or any other unavoidable cause to their preceptor by 9:30am (*by phone call only*) on the day of absence, and to the Placement staff (*by email or phone call*) as soon as possible.

Insurance and Policies

The University of Tasmania provides insurance cover for students participating in Tasmanian Pharmacy placements. The students are also governed by all University policies and requirements during their placement. For more information see this document: <u>https://www.utas.edu.au/__data/assets/pdf_file/0007/330487/Work-Integrated-Learning-Insurance-Form-2021-Student.pdf</u>

Covid Requirements

All students are required to undertake Australian Government COVID-19 infection control training prior to attending placements.

Students have been advised to use the THS Health Screening App when entering any THS site across Tasmania and are expected to follow any of your workplace specific requirements during placement. Students are also instructed to use the Check in Tas app at external venues they visit as mandated.

- <u>https://screening.health.tas.gov.au</u>
- <u>https://coronavirus.tas.gov.au/check-in-tas</u>

Students have been advised of the following if unwell in any way during placement:

- If concerned that they may be at risk of COVID-19 due to <u>any</u> respiratory symptoms (sore throat, cough, runny nose, breathlessness, fever), self-isolate immediately.
- Seek medical advice if they require immediate attention by contacting either their own doctor or the Public Health Hotline on 1800 671 738, or by calling 000.
- **Stay at home** (or in their placement accommodation) and do not attend placement. They are required to let their clinical supervisor know that they will be absent due to illness.
- When getting tested, they should also notify the university via the email address <u>COVID@utas.edu.au</u>

If asked to self-isolate and/or whilst waiting for COVID-19 test results students should:

- self-isolate immediately and contact their unit coordinator.
- Notify any housemates that they are required to self-isolate and avoid all contact.
- Remain isolated until their COVID-19 test result returns.
- After a negative test result, resume placements when symptoms have entirely resolved.
- If their test result is positive, contact their unit coordinator.

For more information on the University's Covid reporting and support requirements see here: <u>https://www.utas.edu.au/safety-and-wellbeing/information-and-documents/risk-topics/covid-safe/health-advice</u>

Placement Exit & Emergency Procedures

Placement Exit & Student Support

Placements are a compulsory and integral part of a student's studies. Therefore, students are given the opportunity to provide preferences for locations and reasons to be considered when allocating student placements. The consultative approach taken by the School in arranging placements provides placements which are hoped to be suitable and rewarding for both student and preceptor.

However, it is acknowledged that from time to time, placements may not work out as planned or an emergency situation may arise where preceptors may find the following information useful:

- Students and/or preceptors can telephone the Placement Team to discuss concerns at any time (contact details on contents page).
- If issue(s) cannot be resolved, arrangements can be made to remove students from placement and return them to the School if necessary.
- If a crisis occurs while a student is on placement, (whether they exit the placement early or not) they are provided with counselling options and details and are made aware of University counselling services available to them on their return.
- Alternatively, **Lifeline** offers a 24-hour counselling service to anyone, anytime from anywhere in Australia. Free call 13 11 14 or their website <u>www.lifeline.org.au</u>

Placement Workplace Health and Safety & Emergency Procedures

The University is committed to providing a safe and secure teaching and learning environment including during placements. Many of our placements occur in rural and regional areas and students may be unfamiliar with the location. Pre-placement students are reminded to pay attention to weather forecasts and other emergency messages and to familiarise themselves with safe travel routes to and from accommodation and workplace sites.

Remembering that some students have limited previous work experience; preceptors should consider making students aware of more general workplace health and safety (WHS) risks, rights and responsibilities. This is in addition to their professional responsibilities as student pharmacists. Students should be given an orientation to the workplace that includes basic emergency procedures, i.e., exits, evacuation point, location of first aid kit, common workplace hazards, and relevant WHS information. Preceptors may wish to review their organisation's Workplace Health and Safety Policy and WorkSafe Tasmania's guide on working with new and young workers:

https://www.worksafe.tas.gov.au/topics/Health-and-Safety/managing-safety/managing-people-inyour-workplace/new-and-young-workers

- Health care agencies and workplaces have obligations to students under the Work Health and Safety Act 2012. Students on Professional Experience Placement (PEP) must act in accordance with the individual agency's workplace policy and procedure including reporting processes in the event of an accident or injury occurring.
- If a student is involved in an accident or emergency situation while on placement, the preceptors (and/or student) should contact the School (details on contents page) as soon as practicable. If a situation arises out of business hours the Placement Officer can be contacted on 0413 702 014.
- The student can also complete a University of Tasmania MySAFETY Incident/Hazard Reporting Notification or the placement team will do so on their behalf. https://www.utas.edu.au/safety-and-wellbeing/mysafety
- Information is provided by the university or relevant local authorities about what to do in the event of a larger scale emergency such as fire, flood or extreme weather events. Students are advised to follow any safety or evacuation orders from relevant authorities including police or emergency services.
- During international placements refer to and obey local country emergency warnings and requirements.

Students are asked at the beginning of the year to provide emergency contact details, which are held in their student placement file with the Placement Officer, and in some instances sent to Preceptors when confirming placement details.

Preceptor's Assessment (general Information)

Your feedback regarding each student's skills, professionalism and attitude is included in the overall assessment. There is a separate assessment form for year three and year four students, and you will find the templates at the end of this guidebook. The relevant assessment form will be sent to you during each placement, along with a reply-paid envelope.

If you have any additional comments to make about your student, good or bad, please contact Felicity Veal (3rd years) or Justin Cousins (4th years) at any time.

It is important that you return your Preceptor Assessment(s) promptly once the placements have been completed. Constructive feedback received is passed on to students so that they can improve for subsequent placements.

If you anticipate that a student on placement will fall below the satisfactory score required to pass the placement (year four students) or is consistently performing below expectations (year three and four students), please notify the unit coordinator or a member of the placement team as early as possible. We are able to offer support to students and placement sites if necessary. Early intervention by proactive preceptors has reaped significant benefit to students in the past who may have otherwise failed.

Pharmacy Preceptors' Ready Reference

The following pages are a guide to help pharmacists with student supervision, and to standardise student exposure across placements. There are two parts: suggested activities students can assist you with; and tips to assist you develop your leadership and preceptor skills (see *Further Information* for directions on how to earn CPD points for this activity).

Activities

During a pharmacy placement, students may complete as part of their course obligations: a dispensary rotation, a manufacturing rotation, and a clinical and specialist rotation. Within these rotations students will need to be directly supervised by a pharmacist; however, there are some activities that can be done without direct supervision. These activities can only be completed after the supervising pharmacist has:

- Shown the student what to do and informed them what is expected of them;
- Observed the student attempting the activity; and
- Given the student appropriate feedback regarding how they undertook the activity.

This process may be <u>repeated numerous times until the supervising pharmacist is satisfied</u> with the student's performance, after which the student may undertake the activity unsupervised.

The following are suggested activities that students can perform unsupervised (unless otherwise stated) during each rotation through the hospital. NB: Due to workflow and staffing, not all students may get the opportunity to perform all the activities outlined below. EDS = electronic discharge system.

Dispensary rotation (3rd and 4th year students)

- Pick stock for in-patient, outpatient and discharge prescriptions
- Label in-patient prescriptions
- Search for CMIs for outpatient/discharge prescriptions
- Pick stock for ward imprest list with Stores personnel / ward technicians

Manufacturing rotation (3rd and 4th year students)

• Label batches of pre-packed medications

- Check batches of pre-packed medications
- Pick stock for aseptic manufacturing (TPNs, iron infusion)
- Check stock, expiry dates and general stock-take
- Observe cytotoxic and aseptic manufacturing
- Oncology Education Clinic with Out-Patient Oncology Pharmacist

With direct supervision & checking by a supervising pharmacist/senior technician, they can:

- Compound an extemporaneous product
- Calculate volumes / doses

Clinical and Specialist rotation (3rd year students)

- Read through patients' notes either paper based or in the DMR (Digital Medical Record)
- Obtain patient's own medications and record them in a list
- Introduce themselves to the patient
- Talk to patients to obtain a medication history (after supervising pharmacist has obtained patient permission and introduced the student)
- Obtain the medication chart for review
- Review a patient's laboratory data
- Calculate patient's renal function (CrCl)
- Pick stock for prescriptions
- Attend ward rounds, grand rounds and multidisciplinary meetings

With direct supervision and checking by a supervising pharmacist, students can:

- Contact a community pharmacy to obtain a medication history
- Assist with discharge/out-patient counselling
- Label stock with prescription and ancillary labels supervising pharmacist must check the labelling prior to giving medication to patient/ward etc.

Clinical and Specialist rotation (4th year students)

- Read through patients' notes
- Obtain patient's own medications and record them in a list
- Talk to patients to obtain a medication history (student will need to obtain patient permission and introduce themselves as a pharmacy student. They should not provide counselling or comment on treatment options without direct supervision)
- Contact a community pharmacy to obtain a dispensing history
- Contact a general practice to obtain a medication history
- Obtain the medication chart for review
- Review a patient's laboratory data
- Calculate patient's renal function (CrCl)
- Answer pages for the supervising pharmacist
- Inform the medical intern of medication related issues and provide appropriate solutions (issues and solutions must be run past supervising pharmacist before student approaches intern)
- Discharge / out-patient counselling (under supervision)
- Pick stock for prescriptions and label them (including ancillary labels)
- Attend ward rounds, grand rounds and multidisciplinary meetings

With direct supervision & checking by a supervising pharmacist they can do the following in a patient's file in HCS (Clinical Suite - Health Care Software). Note -supervising pharmacist must read all entries and countersign:

- Write in patient's progress notes regarding medication related issues
- Record admission and progress notes in HCS under Episode notes
- Complete a Medication History in HCS
- Complete a Medication Reconciliation/Inpatient Review in HCS
- Produce a counselling document in HCS
- Annotate medication chart e.g. "*to be taken with food*". This is not a clinical review; clinical pharmacist must sign the clinical review box when they perform their review.

Preceptor Skills and Tips

The clinical teaching environment is a complex teaching environment. The preceptor is always dealing with two sets of needs: health care needs of patients and learning needs of students. The pharmacist cannot provide good health care to patients without knowing what their needs are. Likewise, the preceptor cannot provide good clinical learning without knowing what the student's learning needs are.

What makes a good preceptor?

- A good role model (professional, caring and competent)
- Is a supervisor (gives direction and feedback and involves students)
- Is available and approachable (empathetic, respectful, supportive, focused and practical)
- Provides support (mentors, caring and shows an interest in the student)
- Is dynamic (motivates to learn, understands the relevance for learners and identifies their needs)
- Can handle errors with a no-blame approach (as a preceptor/teacher you need to anticipate mistakes, minimise the effect and then support the student to reflect and learn from the experience)
- Makes time to get to know the student as a person

What makes a bad preceptor?

- Lack of time
- Lack of confidence
- Being criticised about the way they teach (e.g., "that was poorly done", mentoring by humiliation/sarcasm)
- Lack of knowledge (e.g., not knowing how to give constructive feedback, motivate learners, and assess competency, using a 'telling' style instead of coaching)
- Lack of preceptor training
- Lack of rewards and recognition for taking on students
- Unpredictable and varied teaching style/content

One characteristic which is reported in almost all studies is the need for an enthusiastic and competent preceptor. Students perceive very quickly whether or not the preceptor is happy to have them working in their clinic or pharmacy.

Giving Feedback to Students Feedback: what makes good feedback?

- Allow adequate time to give feedback on a regular basis
- Set clear goals with specific outcomes, so that both the preceptor and student know what they are being assessed on
- Preceptors need to directly observe the student to be able to give feedback
- Positive feedback
- Provide solutions (e.g., what can be improved? This helps identify education/training needs)
- Try and give positive feedback in front of peers
- Constructive feedback should be given in private
- Allow for student input (e.g., was it a fair evaluation of your performance?)
- Actively listen
- Never use personal remarks in feedback, always concentrate on the act/behaviour, not the person
- Remember everyone needs feedback, poorly performing students, as well as the good students. We all want to become better.

Feedback: how do you give positive feedback?

After direct observation of the student a preceptor can give feedback. The following is a suggested dialogue you might like to use when providing this feedback.

- Ask the student what they think they did well e.g., "What did you think you did well, in that situation?"
- 2. Preceptor then lists tasks/activities that they thought the student did well e.g., "Great, I agree you did XYZ very well, as well as..."
- 3. Ask the student what they think they could have done better e.g., "What do you think you could have done better?"
- 4. Preceptor then adds tasks/activities that they thought the student could improve on e.g., "I agree we may need to work on..., improve knowledge on...."

Asking the student first allows and encourages self-reflection. It also emphasis the positives and avoids negative feedback. This is also the easiest way for a preceptor to give feedback as the student has brought up the areas of concern rather that the preceptor delivering the bad evaluation of task/activity. If a situation arises where the preceptor and student have different ideas e.g., student doesn't think they could have done anything better, this may reveal issues in the student's insight.

Learning: plan for learning while working

- Be specific about what is to be achieved and define the outcomes. Ensure that the outcomes are important and relevant to the student
- Are the goals achievable? Have you set too many goals or outcomes?
- Do the tasks allow you to measure and/or evaluate the student's competency?
- Ensure that the student has input into how the learning can be done. E.g., Student may request to counsel a patient on an antibiotic rather than an antipsychotic for their first medication counselling.
- Be clear about the roles and responsibilities for all parties involved, preceptor and student.

Poorly Performing Students

Poor performer: what's going wrong?

We value preceptors input and ability to identify difficulties with students and helping them to resolve those difficulties during the placement. The only way we can determine if there is a problem is with direct observation to gather information about the problem:

- Gather information
- Set aside time for a confidential discussion
- Get the student to speak first and voice their concerns
- Define the issue(s)
- Determine the cause(s)
- Agree on an action plan
- Monitor the outcome with frequent feedback

It may be beneficial to also gather information from other people (e.g., nurses and allied health staff) who have also supervised or worked with the student.

Reminder: If you have a student on placement who is performing very poorly, significantly below your expectations, or you are concerned about in any way, contact the placement team as early as possible. Early intervention by proactive preceptors has reaped significant benefit to students in the past who may have otherwise failed.

Further precepting information

For more information about learning styles, preceptor skills, cultural competency, and to complete the CPD module, go to:

http://www.utas.edu.au/health/professional-experience-placement/supervisors/online-learning-modules/jack-and-the-beanstalk

Please refer also to the University of Tasmania, School of Medicine professional experience placements website for further resources:

http://www.utas.edu.au/health/professional-experience-placement/studentinformation/pharmacy

References

Pharmacy Board of Australia http://www.pharmacyboard.gov.au/Registration-Standards.aspx

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Kleffner, J.H. 2010. Becoming an effective preceptor. The University of Houston College of Pharmacy, Texas Southern University College of Pharmacy and Health Sciences, Texas Tech Health Science Centre School of Pharmacy and the University of Texas at Austin College of Pharmacy. USA

Spencer, J. 2003. ABC of learning and teaching in medicine. BMJ. 326:591-594

Clinical Education and Training Institute. 2011. The superguide: a handbook for supervising allied health professionals. CETI. Sydney, Australia.

Assessment Third Year

Third year assessment will be based on two aspects: 10% of students' final mark for Pharmacy Skills in Practice will be from their written clinical reflective assessment pieces, and 10% will be from preceptor's assessment of the student's skills, knowledge, attitudes and behaviour whilst on placement (see Preceptor Assessment Sheet – Year Three Pharmacy Students).

<u>Reflective pieces</u>

Students must submit a **total of three written reflective pieces** across both their community and hospital placements. (outside placement hours)

- One formative reflective piece (200-250 words) must document their experience in community pharmacy, discuss how their experience differed from / confirmed what they were expecting, and include their reflections about health care in a community setting.
- One clinical pharmacy reflective learning piece (Maximum 500 words worth 5%): Describe how you think community pharmacy benefits patient wellbeing. The five reflective pieces with the highest scores will be submitted to the Pharmacy Guild of Tasmania for nominee selection of the "Excellence in Community Pharmacy Prize".
- One clinical pharmacy reflective learning piece (Maximum 500 words worth 5%): Describe how you think clinical pharmacy improves patient wellbeing. The five reflective pieces with the highest scores will be submitted to the Pharmacy Prize Selection Committee for nominee selection of the "George Taylor Prize in Clinical pharmacy".

Example reflective pieces can be found on MyLO (an online portal) for students.

Formative Short Presentation

Students are asked to complete a 7-10 minute PowerPoint presentation (+ 5 minutes questions) on a topic of their choice (relating to hospital pharmacy practice) to members of the pharmacy department. *Suggested topics for presentation include:*

- An interesting case study/clinical encounter;
- A drug that the student saw prescribed during placement;
- A role for hospital pharmacists which was new or particularly interesting to them;
- A healthcare service that encountered during placement.

We ask that the preceptor offers formative feedback to the student highlighting the strengths as a presenter and areas where they can work on improving their skills. This does not count towards assessment for CSA357 but will be useful in identifying student's strengths as a presenter and areas where they can work on improving their skills. We ask that this presentation be scheduled for the last day of placement. See appendix 1 for a formative oral presentation assessment tool.

Assessment Fourth year

Fourth Year Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs)

The intended learning outcomes (ILOs) for fourth year students, taken from the BPharm Course ILOs, and used as component of the preceptor assessment for students on placement are:

- 1. Apply professional problem-solving skills to identify critical issues, conceptualise problems, use relevant information and formulate a range of solutions in relation to the provision of medicines or health advice
- 2. Demonstrate appropriate communication and collaboration skills combined with therapeutic decision making and incorporating patient-centred care principles in the management of acute illness and chronic disease.
- 3. Develop organisational and reflective professional practice skills and explain how they underpin professional and ethical practice.
- 4. Describe the different activities and settings which a pharmacist may perform and the impact this may have on patient outcomes.
- 5. Demonstrate the role of pharmacists in health promotion, harm minimisation and preventative health activities.
- 6. Search, evaluate and appropriately reference drug information and pharmacy related literature

Additional ILOs are assessed as part of the students Honours project - see below.

Fourth Year Hospital Assessment

There are two components to fourth year hospital-based assessments: their hospital portfolio (worth 12.5%) and your assessment of their skills, knowledge, professionalism and attitude (see Preceptor Assessment Sheet – Year Four Pharmacy Students). In addition to this formal assessment, students are asked to present a case to the pharmacy department staff as an exercise in formal and professional communication.

Hospital Portfolio

Students are required to submit a summary of at least six activities conducted/observed on placement, with associated reflection (and accompanying evidence where appropriate), and any feedback that was provided to them by the supervising pharmacist/staff.

We do not require preceptors to assess the portfolio, but the student may ask for guidance as to what to include. Some examples of what these activities could include are below. This list is non-exhaustive, is at your discretion, and some activities can only be undertaken on request/direct supervision by the supervising staff/preceptor.

- Take a medication history from a patient / pharmacy / regular prescriber
- Complete a medication history and reconciliation (MH&R) with recommendations
- A pharmacist intervention they were involved with
- Therapeutic drug monitoring
- Disease/condition monitoring
- Medication counselling inpatient /at discharge/outpatient
- Manufacture a cream / eye drop / oral solution / oral suspension
- Give a presentation to staff (pharmacy and/or non-pharmacy staff)
- Respond to a medicines information query from doctor, patient, nurse, pharmacist etc.
- Conduct a drug utilisation review on a ward / in the hospital
- Complete an ADRAC submission
- Creation of a Medicines Information bulletin
- Complete / assist with a narcotic safe audit (direct supervision required)

- Self-directed learning/revision on a condition / new medication encountered on placement
- Join a TPN ward round
- Learn basic aseptic manufacturing procedures

To ensure students reflect on a variety of activities, we have asked them to include a maximum of two of the same activities (e.g., two MH&Rs) in their portfolio.

Formative Oral Presentation

All students are expected to present a 10-minute presentation (+ 5 minutes questions) based on a long case to the pharmacy department staff. The presentation is designed as an exercise in communication as well as a forum to present in front of colleagues and peers. Please schedule a brief session at the end of the placement block for this to occur. We also request that you provide the student with formative feedback on their presentation (template attached – appendix 1). While this does not count towards their formal assessment, it is valuable in highlighting their strengths as a presenter, and areas which require further work.

Students should have access to wards and patient notes to enable them to identify suitable cases for presentation. It is not necessary for students to review 'unusual' or highly complex cases in their portfolio or for the presentation. Cases that demonstrate medication management of a range of disease states, and/or where a pharmacist has contributed significantly to the patient's management are acceptable presentation cases.

Student Self-Assessment

Fourth year students are provided with an assessment form (identical to the preceptor assessment form) for them to undertake a self-evaluation mid-way through their placement. They are encouraged to reflect on their placement so far and discuss their evaluation with their preceptor and/or the placement team. Please feel free to provide additional feedback to the student at this stage. The placement team can be contacted for support if the student is falling below expectations, or if any other issues arise.

Fourth Year Applied Honours Information

Please note although most students are enrolled in the Applied Honours program, projects may be completed during any of their 4th year placements (community, hospital or elective). Therefore, while many students will be participating in a hospital-based honours project, some students may not be required to undertake a project during their hospital placement. Any **projects will be pre-arranged with preceptors prior to the placements.** If your hospital is participating in student honours projects the project coordinator will provide additional information on the specific project/s separately to this placement guide. If you would like to participate in one of these projects in future years, please let the placement team know.

Preceptor Professional Development

Your participation in our Applied Honours program is an ideal way to gain Group 3 CPD points towards your annual CPD plan (3 Board CPD credits per hour of activity). Applied Honours projects involve assessment of current practice, undertaking/facilitating a quality improvement activity, and then reflecting on and evaluating the results of the activity. The report generated by our students will provide you with a clear evidence of the nature and results of the activity for your CPD record.

Applied Honours Background and Objectives

From 2020 onwards, all students within the Bachelor of Pharmacy will participate in a research stream and graduate with an honours degree (the Bachelor of Pharmacy with Applied Honours or the Bachelor of Pharmacy with Honours). We aim to ensure that all our graduates are research literate (that is, they can find and interpret the available literature), can demonstrate the knowledge and skills to actively engage with research (be active participants in research) and conduct simple research projects in a workplace setting (e.g., be able to design and conduct quality improvement projects). All students will conduct group-based research projects while on placement (Applied Honours), and we will continue to offer high-achieving students the opportunity to participate in individual honours projects with a supervisory team as an overload during Years 3 and 4 of the course (traditional Honours).

In the updated version of CSA430 Pharmacy Practice (2020 onwards), students will participate in a small, group-based, research project during one of their placements. Projects can be conducted in any placement setting (e.g., community pharmacy, hospital, aged care facility, general practice). The intent of these projects is to offer students the opportunity to participate in research designed to improve medication safety or investigate an evidence-to-practice gap. Research activities (data collection, data analysis and write-up) will be incorporated into the placement portfolios (completed by students during and following their placements). Students will then use one week of their elective placement block to work with staff on campus to finalise their research reports and presentations, which will then be fed back to their preceptors to inform practice within their respective organisations.

Applied Honours projects are small in scope given the placement timeframes, typically involve the collection of de-identified data, and are designed to inform practice in your business or institution. Projects are group-based; this means that students working on the same project at the same or different sites will be able to pool their de-identified data to provide a larger sample size and improve the generalisability of their findings. This structure is designed to require teamwork and foster the development of leadership skills.

The **Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs)** for the Applied Honours stream are incorporated into the CSA430 unit ILOs. The specific ILOs assessed within the Applied Honours stream are:

6. Search, evaluate and appropriately reference drug information and pharmacy related literature.

- 7. Analyse research findings using appropriate statistical techniques.
- 8. Contribute effectively to a team-based quality assurance project.
- 9. Effectively communicate research findings to a variety of stakeholders, including patients, peers and other health professionals.

These ILOs will be assessed in the following assessments tasks within CSA430:

- Research manuscript (20%, 3500 words): this task requires each project group to complete a research report in the format of a scientific manuscript. A template and guideline will be provided to students to assist them in completing this task.
- Research presentation (10%): this task requires each student group to present their findings in the format of a poster presentation. A template and guideline will be provided to students to assist them in completing this task.

Student Preparation and Supervision

The research skills necessary to support project work are embedded in the Year 2 and 3 units within the Bachelor of Pharmacy with Applied Honours, particularly in CSA288 Evidence Based Health Care and CSA321 Clinical Pharmacy Research. In CSA288, students develop the skills necessary to find and critically appraise the literature, while in CSA321, students work in small groups to formulate a research question to address an evidence to practice gap, and then design a research project to investigate that gap.

Applied Honours projects have been developed with preceptor input to inform clinical practice in your organisation. Your organisation may have put forward the project that students will participate in or you may have selected from a list of potential options. Each project has a nominated University staff member assigned to provide over-arching research supervision.

Research activities (data collection, data analysis and write-up) will be incorporated into our placement portfolios, to be completed by students during and following their placements using templates and guidelines provided by UTAS staff. Following the placement in which the research activities are undertaken, students will use one week of their elective placement block to work with their supervisors and the Honours Coordinator on campus to finalise their research report and presentation.

Prior-to Placement Activities

Prior to the placement in which the students will conduct their research, the UTAS supervisor will have developed a summary of the project with instructions for the students, a data collection form and a data spreadsheet. The student will have all the required project information and data collection forms prior to commencement of the placement.

Research Activities During the Placement

The placement team will provide you with the relevant project information sheet prior to the placement in which students are conducting the project. Students are expected to discuss the details of project with you at the commencement of their placement and complete the data collection while on placement with you. As a guide, students will work in groups of 4-6 (often at different sites within the same project), with the intention of each student collecting data for 20-30 subjects and pooling the data. While the time required for data collection during placement will vary project-to-project, we would suggest using 3-6 hours as a guide.

Students will potentially also be able to enter the collected data into their data spreadsheet during the placement. However, as long as they have completed their data collection, data entry can be completed by students after the placement.

If you have any questions regarding the project while the student is on placement, please contact the nominated UTAS staff member directly. Contact details will be provided on the project information sheet. Students will also be able to contact their supervisor during the placement by phone or email if they have any questions.

Research Activities Following the Placement

Following the placement in which the research activities are undertaken, students will use one week of their elective placement block to work with their supervisors and the Honours Coordinator on campus to finalise their research report and presentation.

Students will work with their UTAS supervisor and the Honours Coordinator to collate and analyse data and summarise the findings in the form of a research report and presentation. Presentations will then be shared with the placement providers to enable further work/action related to the topic.

Important Notes

- Students will be instructed not to record any patient identifiers during the project unless specific ethical approval has been granted. This means data will be classified as deidentified, protecting the confidentiality of subjects. Research conducted in this way is considered exempt from ethical approval, and we have been given confirmation from our ethics committee that audit-based activities designed to inform practice within the organisation can be conducted by students during their placements without formal approval.
- In some situations (e.g., your organisation wishes to publish the findings of the research in a journal or at a conference, or you would like to gather non-routine data from subjects) formal ethical approval will need to be sought prior to commencement of the project.
- If you have any concerns about the conduct of students while on placement, including the way in which they conduct their data collection activities, please do not hesitate to contact the UTAS Placement Team or the nominated research supervisor.

Appendix 1– Oral Presentation Formative Feedback Form

ORAL PRESENTATION FEEDBACK FORM

Student:

Topic:

Criterion	Excellent	Very Good	Good	Improvement needed
Oral Presentation Skills				
• Eye contact, posture				
• Tone and volume of voice				
Conformed to time limit				
 Engagement of the audience 				
Visual Aids				
Clarity				
• Content				
• Amount of information provided				
1				
Presentation Content				
• Presented in in a logical and				
structured manner				
• Information presented was factual				
correct				
Discussion				
• Response to questions (if relevant)				

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS:



Appendix 2 – Assessment Forms:

Note: The relevant assessment form will be sent to your pharmacy with a reply-paid envelope prior to student finishing their placement.

Student Name:		Date			
Placement Site:					
Student assessment	-	-	1		-
Attribute	Above Average/ Often	Satisfactory/ Usually	Zerdertine/Sciew Expectation	Un- satisfactory 0	Not able to be assessed.
Demonstrates adaptability, enthusiasm and responds well to feedback	-		-		
Demonstrates professional responsibility and accountability, including timeliness					
Takes ownership of student-pharmacist clinical role and workplace duties (e.g. completing tasks assigned to them to an acceptable standard)					
Demonstrates empathy, integrity, and honesty					
Understands the need to practice within the legal, professional, and ethical framework of a pharmacist					
Demonstrates effective communication skills					
Demonstrates sound pharmaceutical knowledge**					
*Please note: Third year students should be able to dem eas of cardiovascular disease, diabetes and other endocr sychiatry, urinary incontinence, insomnia, epilepsy, pain ctensively covered OTC products prior to their placemer	ine diseases, , Parkinson's its.	bleeding disc s Disease, den	orders, renal dise	ase, respirato	ry disease,
**Please note: Third year students should be able to dem reas of cardiovascular disease, diabetes and other endocr ssychiatry, urinary incontinence, insomnia, epilepsy, pain extensively covered OTC products prior to their placemer	ine diseases, , Parkinson's its.	bleeding disc s Disease, den	orders, renal dise	ase, respirato	ry disease,
Preceptor's signature: Preceptor's name: Many thanks for hosting a student on placement and for corrovided.	ine diseases, , Parkinson's its. placemen	bleeding disc s Disease, der nt: Date	orders, renal dise nentia, and liver	ase, respirato disease; The	ry disease, y have also
**Please note: Third year students should be able to dem treas of cardiovascular disease, diabetes and other endocr psychiatry, urinary incontinence, insomnia, epilepsy, pain extensively covered OTC products prior to their placemer Additional comments regarding the student's Preceptor's signature: Preceptor's name: Many thanks for hosting a student on placement and for c	ine diseases, , Parkinson's its. placemen ompleting th vecceptor this its ources provi	bleeding disc s Disease, der nt: Date Date placement? ded in assistin, t at all (place	orders, renal dise nentia, and liver 	ase, respirato disease; They e reply-paid (ting their lear	ry disease, y have also envelope

Student Name:		DATE	·	
	on graduate attribute e a score of 2/4 (adequate			
Please <u>circle</u>				
Excellent	Above Average	Satisfactory	Below average	Unsatisfactory
4/4	3/4	2/4	1/4	0/4
Carlos and a constant and	where you feel the stud try to be specific to a			kills, knowledge, attitud
	in			kills, knowledge, attitud
behaviors? (please	in	ssist the student to i	mprove)	kills, knowledge, attitud
eceptor's signatu	re:	ssist the student to i	mprove)	
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eceptor's signatur eceptor's name: _ ny thanks for hosting : ase note: with year students at th	re:a student on placement and	ssist the student to i	mprove) Date: m. Please return using the r	
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eceptor's signatur eceptor's name: _ ny thanks for hosting : ase note: with year students at th nonstrate these attribur Composency domains line	e try to be specific to a re: a student on placement and te time of their placements tes at a graduate level. red in order of relevance to the icty of Australia URL: http://	d for completing this for have completed all of have completed all of s, have completed all of s, have gas organ/practice-s	mprove) Date: m. Please return using the r their academic coursework, their academic coursework	eply- paid envelope provided and should therefore be able servork for Pharmacists in Austral on-framework

PROFESSIONALISM (For all placements)							
1. Professional Life-long Learners (linked to ILOs –	4; Competenc	y Domain 1,	2,(4.1,4.2 -sel	fmanagemen	t/reflection),5	5)	
Demonstrates adaptability, enthusiasm and responds well to feedback		Satisfactory			Not satis	factory	
Demonstrates professional responsibility and accountability, including timeliness	Satisfactory			Not satis	factory		
2. Practices ethically and with integrity (linked to IL	O1 - 3; Comp	etency Dom:	in 1)				
Demonstrates empathy, integrity and honesty		Satisfactory	r i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		Not satis	factory	
Practices within the legal, professional and ethical framework of a pharmacist	Satisfactory		Not satisfactory				
CLINICAL SKILLS AND KNOWLEDGE (For con	munity pharm	nacy, bespit	and clinical	placements o	only)		
Attribute	Excellent' Always	Abave Average/ Often	Satisfactory (Crually	Borderline/B elev Expectation	Un- Latinfactury	Ner able to be extended based on endeur capability	Nee aggilicabi
	4	3	2	1	0		
CLINICAL SKILLS AND KNOWLEDGE (For con	munity pharm	nacy, bespit	and clinical	placements o	only)		
3. Drug Distribution Experts (linked to ILOs - 1, 2,	6; Competency	Domain 3,1	.2)				
Ensures medication orders are safe and appropriate							
Accurate preparation and supply of medicines							
Demonstrates a patient centered approach							
I. Clinical Pharmacy Experts (linked to ILOs – 1; C	ompetency Do	main 3,5,2)					
Pharmaceutical knowledge							
Application of theory into clinical practice							
5. Problem-solvers (linked to ILOs - 1,2,6; Compete	ncy Domains 3	3,5,2)					
Effective and independent problem-solving							
6. Public Health Practitioners (linked to ILOs – 4, 5;	Competency	Domain 3,5,	2)				
Promotes public health and wellness							
7. Communicators (linked to ILOs - 2; Competency	Domsin 2,3)				_		_
Demonstrates effective communication skills							
Demonstrates appropriate counselling skills							
 How satisfied were you with the information outcomes? 	(please circle) ation and reso (please circle) ent team to o	ources prov all you to d	rided in assis	ting student		g their learn	ing
UNIVERSITY of TASMANIA College of Health and Medicine – School of Pharmacy and	Pharmacology					2	