

## NEWS FROM THE UNIVERSITY OF TASMANIA, AUSTRALIA

# Media Release

## Chiefs of Staff, News Directors

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# New population of world's rarest fish discovered off Tasmanian coast

\*\*News Editors note: the researchers who found the new site will be available for interview today at 11am, IMAS Building, 20 Castray Esplanade, Hobart\*\*

A team of divers from the Institute for Marine and Antarctic Studies (IMAS) and the citizen science project Reef Life Survey (RLS) have discovered a new population of what is believed to be the world's rarest fish.

Red handfish (*Thymichthys politus*) are found only off south-east Tasmania and until last week just one remaining population of around 20-40 individuals had been identified.

The new site, which will not be disclosed until management options can be discussed, also contains an estimated 20-40 individuals and is a number of kilometres away from the previously known population in Frederick Henry Bay.

Each site covers just 50 metres by 20 metres - about the size of two tennis courts - as the range of the handfish is limited by the fact it walks on the seafloor instead of swimming.

The new population was identified after a member of the public reported seeing an individual handfish, with a team of seven divers spending two days searching the area.

IMAS Technical Officer Antonia Cooper spotted the first fish just as the team was about to give up.

"We were diving for approximately three and a half hours and at about the two-hour mark we were all looking at each other thinking this is not looking promising," Ms Cooper said.

"My dive partner went to tell the other divers that we were going to start heading in and I was half-heartedly flicking algae around when, lo and behold, I found a red handfish.

"Finding a new population that is definitely distinct from the existing one is very exciting. It means there's potentially a bigger gene pool and also that there are potentially other populations out there that we're yet to find, so it's very exciting indeed," Ms Cooper said.

IMAS scientist Dr Rick Stuart-Smith, who co-founded Reef Life Survey in 2007 with Professor <u>Graham Edgar</u> to collect data on global marine life, said eight individuals in the new group were identified.

"Finding this second population is a huge relief as it effectively doubles how many we think are left on the planet," Dr Stuart-Smith said.

"We've already learned a lot from finding this second population because their habitat isn't identical to that of the first population, so we can take some heart from knowing red handfish are not as critically dependent on that particular set of local conditions."

Dr Stuart-Smith said that Tasmania is a global hotspot for this family of rare and endangered species. The spotted handfish is still observed around Hobart, but it may be too late to find Ziebell's handfish, a third species listed as endangered.

"The only thing that would have been more exciting last week would have been finding the Ziebell's and finding out that they're not extinct.

"Ziebell's handfish hasn't been seen in over a decade, and there is a feeling that it's quite possibly extinct, or at least very close to being so," Dr Stuart-Smith said.

Dr Stuart-Smith said IMAS and RLS will work with government and other organisations to help inform management options for the handfish sites.

The handfish survey work is supported by Australian Government funding through both <u>NRM South</u> (via the National Landcare Program) and the <u>NESP Marine Biodiversity Hub</u>.

#### Downloadable media content includes:

- Photos and video of the new red handfish population;
- Video grabs of IMAS Technical Officer and diver Antonia Cooper and Dr Rick-Stuart-Smith.

https://www.dropbox.com/s/5z1mpv0xxvubcph/Antonia%20Cooper%20video%20grabs.wmv?dl=0

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